## **Top 10 Night Sky Objects for Astronomy Beginners**

| Moon   | All Year Observed: Seeing (1-5):              | Best view: edges and<br>Terminator, the line where<br>the dark and illuminated<br>areas meet.                      | Dia: 3 476 km<br>Distance: 384 000 km<br>Mass: 1.2% of Earth<br>Density: 61% of Earth                             |   |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| <b>Jupiter</b> 5 <sup>th</sup> Planet                                  | Varies Observed: Seeing (1-5):                | Cloud bands and Red Spot<br>make a great target on<br>clear nights. Also check 4<br>moons and their orbits.        | Diameter: 142 980 km<br>Distance Sun: 4.95 AU<br>Mass: 318 x Earth<br>Density: 1.32 g/cm3                         |   |
| <b>Saturn</b><br>6 <sup>th</sup> Planet                                | Varies Observed: Seeing (1-5):                | Saturn's ring is a breath-<br>taking view. If conditions<br>permit, even the Cassini<br>separation may be visible. | Diameter: 123 000 km<br>Distance Sun: 9.54 AU<br>Mass: 95 x Earth<br>Density: 0.67 g/cm3                          |   |
| <b>Mizar &amp; Alcor</b><br>Multiple Star<br>System                    | Mid Winter - Mid Fall Observed: Seeing (1-5): | Great target to test eyesight (Mizar/Alcor) and telescope performance (Mizar A/B).                                 | Constellation: Ursa Major<br>Dist: 83 LY Dia: 4.1/1.8<br>Mass (Mizar/Alcor): 7.7 /2<br>Mag (Mizar/Alcor): 2.2/4.0 |   |
| <b>Albireo</b> Beautiful Double Star                                   | Late Spring to Fall Observed: Seeing (1-5):   | A telescope resolves a beautiful optical double star. Striking color contrast (yellow / blue).                     | Constellation: Cygnus<br>Dist: 390/390 LY<br>Dia: 16/2.7 Mass: 5/3.2<br>Mag: A 3.2, B 5.8                         | • |
| <b>Orion Nebula</b><br>M42 – Nebula                                    | Winter & Spring Observed: Seeing (1-5):       | Look just below Orion's belt as a part of Orion's sword. Large object, use your lowest magnification.              | Constellation: Orion Dist 1,344 LY Dia: 24 LY Mass:2000 x Sun Mag: 4.0  |   |
| Andromeda<br>Galaxy<br>M31 – Spiral<br>Galaxy                          | Summer, Fall, Winter Observed: Seeing (1-5):  | Andromeda Galaxy has a very bright core which is nicely visible. Large object, use lowest magnification.           | Constellation: Andromeda<br>Dist: 2.54 Million LY<br>Mass: 1 -1.5 x Milky Way<br>Magnitude: 3.44                  |   |
| Hercules<br>Cluster<br>M13 – Globular<br>Cluster                       | Spring, Summer, Fall Observed: Seeing (1-5):  | The Globular Cluster is almost as old as the known Universe. Even with small telescopes a dazzling view.           | Constellation: Hercules<br>Dist: 25,100 LY Dia:168 LY<br>Mass: 600,000 x Sun<br>Mag: 5.8 Age:14 Billion yrs       |   |
| <b>Double Cluster</b><br>NGC 869 & NGC<br>884 - Close<br>Open Clusters | Fall, Winter Observed: Seeing (1-5):          | A telescope view sown with scintillating stars which show very beautiful contrasting colors.                       | Constellation: Perseus<br>Dist: 6,800 / 7,600 LY<br>Age: 5.6 / 3.2 Million years<br>Magnitude: 4.2                |   |
| <b>Dumbbell Nebula</b> M 27 - Planetary Nebula                         | Fall, Winter, Spring Observed: Seeing (1-5):  | Beautiful planetary nebula. Faint but very rewarding object (may be difficult to see with bright moon).            | Constellation: Vulpecula<br>Dist: 1,360 LY Dia:1.44 LY<br>Mag: 7.5 Age: 9,800 yrs<br>Mass central star: 0.56 sun  |   |

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Do you have comments or want to share ideas about the list or our Website? Your feedback is greatly appreciated.

Abbreviations

Dist: Distance
Mag: Magnitude
Dia: Diameter x Sun
Mass: Mass x Sun
LY: Light Year

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